

Institut für Analysis und Zahlentheorie

## Zahlentheoretisches Kolloquium

08.10.2020, 14:30 Uhr

Seminarraum Analysis-Zahlentheorie, Kopernikusgasse 24, 2.OG

### On the maximum of incomplete Kloosterman sums

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Let  $t : \mathbb{F}_p \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be a complex valued function on  $\mathbb{F}_p$ . A classical problem in analytic number theory is bounding the maximum

$$M(t) := \max_{0 \leq H < p} \left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{p}} \sum_{0 \leq n < H} t(n) \right|$$

of the absolute value of the incomplete sums  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{p}} \sum_{0 \leq n < H} t(n)$ . In this very general context one of the most important results is the Pólya-Vinogradov bound

$$M(t) \leq \|\hat{t}\|_{\infty} \log 3p,$$

where  $\hat{t} : \mathbb{F}_p \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  is the normalized Fourier transform of  $t$ . In this talk, we provide a lower bound for certain incomplete Kloosterman sums, namely we prove that there exists a subset of  $a \in \mathbb{F}_p^{\times}$  such that

$$M(e((ax + \bar{x})/p)) \geq \left( \frac{2}{\pi} + o(1) \right) \log \log p,$$

as  $p \rightarrow \infty$ . We prove this by studying the growth of the moments of  $\{M(e((ax + \bar{x})/p))\}_{a \in \mathbb{F}_p^{\times}}$ . This is a joint work with Pascal Autissier and Youness Lamzouri.